

Care & Maintenance of your Oak Veneer

For Routine Care

Your item is finished with a PU protective coating over the timber veneer.

Never use any abrasive cleaning product, polishes or abrasive cloths to clean or wipe your table.

Normal Cleaning

Dust regularly with a slightly damp, soft, lint-free cloth. Wipe dry with a dry, soft cloth in the direction of the wood grain

Any spills should be immediately wiped up with a damp cloth then wiped dry with a clean, dry cloth

Polishing

Do not use aerosol-powered cleaners or polishes. Also, do not use polishes containing waxes or abrasives, or polishes that are oil based or contain silicone

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF DAMAGE, TAKE SOME PRECAUTIONS:

Always use coasters - The surface of your furniture should not come in contact with hot &/or moist/wet containers/materials. We always recommend using coasters, place mats, tablecloths & table runners to protect furniture surfaces from heat & stains. Take extra care to protect your surfaces from candles & heated objects.

If a glass top is added to the wood or veneer surface be sure it rests on felt pads.

Don't place a potted plant on a veneer or wooden surface unless its in a water-tight container or in a drip-tray.

Objects should be lifted instead of dragged across the tabletop - protective felt pads should be used under items with a rough base, like pottery.

Sunlight can damage wood & veneer, so surfaces should not come in contact with direct sunlight. In addition, extremely high or low humidity is a damaging environmental factor - maintaining a relative humidity of 35-65 percent is ideal.

General Information

Extreme Temperature Changes: The expansion or contraction of the timber due to extreme temperature changes may cause damage to the surface coating. Care should be taken in air conditioned or heated environments to keep temperature changes within reasonable limits. Use heat resistant place mats under hot food & beverages to avoid heat damage

Spillages: All spillages should be cleaned as soon as possible. Moisture may cause damage to the surface coating, High humidity, steam & excessive water being in contact with the surface may cause the coating to crack or if its gets under the coating cause white marking of the veneer surface. If spilled, all chemical substances & alcohol should be removed immediately from the table surface.

Direct Sunlight: Direct Sunlight should be avoided on the timber veneer surface as fading, or colour changes of the surface coating & of the veneer may occur. Hot sunshine may dry the veneer substrate thereby causing small surface checks parallel to the grain to appear & possible damage the surface coating

Dirty or Greasy Marks: After first wiping with a dry cloth, wipe with a cloth lightly dampened with a mix of water & high-quality furniture polish. Persistent dirty or greasy marks may be removed by mild, non-abrasive cleaners appropriate for the table surface. The effect of the cleaner on the surface should first be tested in a hidden or less conspicuous section of the finished veneer surface.